DOCKET 1181

DATE OF HEARING

August 3, 2015

NAME

Kevin Shipley

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

8521 Colonial Lane

CAUSE FOR APPEAL

Relief from the ruling of the Building Official denying a building permit for an addition being located in a required side yard and the required rear yard of the property which violates Section V,

C, 1, (a) & (b) of Ordinance 1175

RULING OF THE BOARD

After a discussion of the facts presented, the Board continued the matter in order for the applicant to consider revising the proposed plan.

MINUTES OF MEETING ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT Monday, August 3, 2015

DOCKET 1181 8521 Colonial Lane

A meeting of the Zoning Board of Adjustment was held at 4:00 p.m. on Monday, August 3, 2015, at City Hall.

The following members of the board were present:

Mr. Stanley Walch, Chairman

Ms. Robbye Toft, Vice-Chairman

Ms. Liza Forshaw

Mr. David Schlafly

Mr. John Shillington

Also present were: Mr. Michael Gartenberg, Building Official; Ms. Anne Lamitola, Director of Public Works; Mayor Nancy Spewak

Mr. Walch called the meeting to order at 4:00 PM.

Notice of Public Hearing, as follows:

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT CITY OF LADUE, MISSOURI DOCKET NUMBER 1181

Notice is hereby given that the Zoning Board of Adjustment of the City of Ladue, St. Louis County, Missouri, will hold a public hearing on a petition submitted by Kevin and Katherine Shipley, 8521 Colonial Lane, St. Louis, MO 63124, requesting relief from the ruling of the Building Official denying a building permit for an addition being located in a required side yard and the required rear yard of the property which violates Section V, C, 1, (a) & (b) of Ordinance 1175

The hearing will be held at 4:00 p.m. on Monday, August 3, 2015, at the City Hall, 9345 Clayton Road.

The hearing will be public and anyone interested in the proceedings will be given the opportunity to be heard.

Pursuant to Section 610.022 RSMo., the Zoning Board of Adjustment could vote to close the public meeting and move to executive session to discuss matters relating to litigation, legal actions and/or communications from the City Attorney as provided under section 610.021 (1) RSMo.

Stanley Walch, Chairman Zoning Board of Adjustment

Mr. Walch introduced the following exhibits to be entered into the record:

Exhibit A – Zoning Ordinance 1175, as amended;

Exhibit B - Public Notice of the Hearing;

Exhibit C - Permit denial dated June 22 2015;

Exhibit D – List of Residents sent notice of meeting;

Exhibit E – Letter from the resident requesting the variance - undated

Exhibit F – Entire file relating to the application

(Transcript attached as part of the minutes)

The court reported administered the oath to Kevin Shipley of 8521 Colonial Lane, Joe Klitzsing, architect for Mr. Shipley, Mr. Rob Fellman of 8528 Colonial Lane, Ms. Jo Christner of 8534 Colonial Lane, Ms. Pietrucha of 8525 Colonial Lane, Mr. Helmut Starr attorney representing Ms. Pietrucha, and Mr. Grow planner representing Ms. Pietrucha.

Mr. Klitzsing began the hearing by explaining the proposed project and noted that the addition will not encroach further into the side yard setback than it currently does.

Mr. Fellman stated that he is in favor of the project as supports neighbors improving their homes in lieu of them becoming rental properties or from deteriorating.

Ms. Christner stated that she is in favor of the project.

Mr. Starr raised procedural issues about the Board must only grant variances when they exist and that there is no basis for hardship when the request is rooted in personal preference. He cited code sections with regard to existing non-conforming lots and questioned the validity of the Public Notice as it does provide specifics with regard to the variance request.

Ms. Pietrucha distributed a letter to the Board opposing the project which was made part of the file.

Mr. Grow stressed that there is nothing irregular about the lot shape or topography. He provided research with regard to the other homes on the block with regard to their size and noted that many additions do meet the side yard setback. He referenced the comprehensive plan for the City of Ladue which addresses "McMansions" as a negative housing trend. Mr. Grown also noted that the floor-area ratio for 8521 Colonial would exceed 60% which is significantly higher than any other home in the subdivision.

The Public Hearing was then closed.

After further discussions with regard to the scale and mass of the proposed addition, Mr. Klitzing requested a continuance on behalf of his client Mr. Shipley. The Board continued the matter.

Mr. Stanley Walch, Chairman

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5	CITY OF LADUE
6	LADUE, MISSOURI
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9	IN THE MATTER OF:)
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11	KEVIN AND KATHERINE SHIPLEY) Docket Number 1181
12	8521 COLONIAL LANE)
13	LADUE, MISSOURI 63124)
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15	Monday, August 3, 2015
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22	BOBBIE LUBER, LLC
23	P.O. Box 31201 ~ 1015 Grupp Road ~ St. Louis, MO 63131
24	314.541.3179
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1	ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT
2	CITY OF LADUE
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8	IN THE MATTER OF:
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10	KEVIN AND KATHERINE SHIPLEY) Docket Number 1181
11	8521 COLONIAL LANE
12	LADUE, MISSOURI 63124
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15	BE IT REMEMBERED that on the 3rd day of
16	August, 2015, hearing was held before the Zoning Board
17	of Adjustment of the City of Ladue, Missouri, at Ladue
18	City Hall, 9345 Clayton Road, in the City of Ladue
19	State of Missouri 63124, regarding the above-entitled
20	matter before Bobbie L. Luber, Certified Court
21	Reporter, Registered Professional Reporter, Certified
22	Shorthand Reporter, a Notary Public within and for the
23	State of Missouri, and the following proceedings were
24	had.
25	

1	APPEARANCES:
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3	BOARD MEMBERS:
4	Mr. Stanley Walch, Chairman
5	Ms. Liza Forshaw
6	Mr. David Schlafly
7	Mr. John Shillington
8	Ms. Robbye Toft
9	
10	Also Present:
11	Mr. Michael W. Gartenberg
12	Ms. Anne Lamitola
13	Mr. Kevin Shipley
14	Mr. Joe Klitzing
15	Mr. Robert Bellman
16	Ms. Jo Christner
17	Mr. Helmut Starr
18	Mr. Roger Grow
19	Ms. Donna Pietrucha
20	Court Reporter: Bobbie L. Luber
21	Registered Professional Reporter #9209 Missouri CCR #621
22	Illinois CSR #084.004673 Bobbie Luber, LLC
23	P.O. Box 31201 St. Louis, MO 63131
24	(314) 993-0911 bluber@lubercourtreporting.com
25	

(The Meeting of the Zoning Board of Adjustment of the City of Ladue having been previously called to order at 4:00 p.m. and continues as follows:)

CHAIRMAN WALCH: The next case is very similar, and I'm going to depart from our usual procedure and ask the appellant, having heard the last matter, would you, too, like to request a continuance or would you prefer being heard? Okay. We will go ahead and proceed with your hearing.

This is Docket Number 1118, which is 8521

Colonial Lane. The petitioners are Kevin and

Katherine Shipley. They are requesting in this case a variance, both because the building -- the addition being in the required side yard and in the required rear yard of the property, which are two separate violations of the ordinance. Am I correct on that

Mr. Gartenberg?

MR. GARTENBERG: Yes. That's correct. In this case, two side yard issues, one on each side, and a rear yard, encroachment into those three yards.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: All right. Is there anything else you need to explain to make the issues clear for both the public and the members of the board, Mr. Gartenberg?

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MR. GARTENBERG: I'm going to take a quick
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    look here and see if we have that same coverage issue
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    on the side yard, as I pointed out on the last one.
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    No, I don't believe that's the case. Mr. Chairman, I
    don't believe that's the case.
                CHAIRMAN WALCH: Beg your pardon,
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    Mr. Gartenberg?
                MR. GARTENBERG: I don't believe that's the
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    case.
                CHAIRMAN WALCH: You don't believe there is
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    a coverage issue?
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                MR. GARTENBERG: Correct.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: So it's strictly a setback
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    line issue, both yards?
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                MR. GARTENBERG: Yes.
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                MS. FORSHAW: I'm not able to tell from the
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    plans where the rear yard setback is; were you,
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    Mr. Gartenberg?
                MR. GARTENBERG: No. The rear yard setback
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    is 30 feet there, and it appears to me that this
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    building is 23 -- 24 feet from the rear property line.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: All right. Any other
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    questions of Mr. Gartenberg?
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                I will now introduce the exhibits which
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    will be part of the record in this appeal.
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Exhibit B is the public notice of this hearing.

Exhibit C is the denial letter from Mr. Gartenberg dated June 22, 2015.

Exhibit D is the list of residents to whom the notice of this public hearing was mailed.

Exhibit E is a variety of letters, close to a dozen -- well, the principal letter, of course, is the letter -- the appellant's letter requesting a variance, which is undated. But in addition the appellant has submitted, it looks -- and I'm going to give these to the court reporter and have them marked as part of Exhibit E. It's at least a dozen letters, all of which read in the same manner. And I will read it for the record.

To whom it may concern. I have reviewed the drawings for the home addition for the Shipley residence at 8521 Colonial Lane. I would like to pledge my support for the variance from the City of Ladue so that the Shipley family may proceed with their project.

And as I said, there is at least a dozen of those letters.

There is also one letter of protest which is dated August 3, 2015 from Donna Pietrucha addressed

to, generically, Dear Ladue Official, and it opposes 1 the addition. She lives at 8525 Colonial Lane, which 2. I think is very near the subject property, probably 3 next door. 4 Would you hand these to the court reporter 5 so that they can be -- those are the only copies we 6 7 have of the letters in support. We have more of the letter -- the protest letter. The letters in support 8 9 are the only copies. Are there any additional letters, 10 Ms. Lamitola? 11 MS. LAMITOLA: Not beyond the thirteen, and 12 the one letter received today, and the one letter that 13 14 was distributed. CHAIRMAN WALCH: All right. I think at 15 this point if the appellant can come forward and be 16 sworn, and anybody who wants to speak on the 17 appellant's behalf should come forward too now and 18 give your name to the court reporter and be sworn in. 19 (At this time Mr. Shipley and Mr. Klitzing 20 were sworn in by the court reporter.) 21 CHAIRMAN WALCH: All right. Mr. Shipley, 22 23 you may proceed. MR. SHIPLEY: Okay. We would like to 24

propose the addition.

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CHAIRMAN WALCH: Is there anything else you you want to add?

MR. SHIPLEY: No. I have stated everything in the letter, which you have had a chance to read on the property. We have had some of the same issues going on as Jen Kaiser.

I would like Joe to talk a little bit about the project and, like Jen, if there are some changes that you can suggest or help us with, it would be helpful with the redesign project. Thank you so much.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: Thank you.

MR. KLITZING: I think in his letter he sent to the board he mentioned the size of his family, the size of the house, what his program is, what he is trying to accomplish.

The addition comes straight off both the north and south edges of the existing building. The issue, I believe, is more important is the backyard setback. It's 22-and-a-half-feet to the property line and the screened-in porch. The side yards are maintained exactly as they are now. 8 foot on the south side, and 5 foot, 5-foot-10-and-3-quarter-inches that exist on the north side.

The building to accomplish the program for Kevin and his wife and their four kids; on the first floor -- the first floor is creating a new kitchen, and the location of the existing kitchen. A family room with the screened-in porch on the outside. It's one of those screens that go all the way around the south and west end elevation.

It creates an entry on the side directly off the existing driveway into a mud room, and then into the kitchen area. It there is an alcove for entertainment. And then access out to what is the backyard.

The second floor was modified and existing.

Keep the existing bathroom but add a Jack-and-Jill

bathroom for these two bedrooms and a master bath and

closet.

The two-story addition portion of the building is 12 feet short of the west edge of the building. So it is in by 12 feet from what it was originally.

This would be the south elevation. The existing is brick. There was an existing 8-inch slab siding that went down the side, there was a small addition on one side. That was a mud room or storeroom. We are coming in with a new addition on the back side.

This is basically the existing house.

Replacing the -- replacing the old siding with new siding, the same dimension. And in discussions with the Architectural Review Board, they wanted us to change the materials to delineate the addition versus the existing.

The west elevation with the sliding glass doors and some copper windows down below; a window into the master bedroom.

This is the north addition, north elevation facing the other side.

The existing ceiling height of the house is about 8 feet 6 inches. We are coming in with the second floor and stepping up where we can get a 9-foot ceiling in the family room, and keep the floor at the same level as the first floor.

Basically the addition here is a project for his growing family, and he would like to stay in the neighborhood.

The problems of --

MS. TOFT: Hardship.

MR. KLITZING: That's the word.

MS. TOFT: The rear yard hardship is that you have to encroach on the rear yard to have a screened-in porch?

MR. KLITZING: That's basically to get the

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square footage.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: How big is this addition
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    all together?
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                MR. KLITZING: It's 1100 square feet on the
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    floor plan.
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                MR. SCHLAFLY: Per floor?
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                MR. KLITZING: No. The first floor is
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    larger than the second floor. The second floor
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    doesn't have the screened-in porch. In other words,
    its basically from here over to here.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: Does that include the
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    screened-in porch?
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                MR. KLITZING: Yes.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: And how big is the
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    existing now?
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                MR. KLITZING: I don't know right offhand.
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                MR. SHIPLEY: 1900.
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                MR. KLITZING: There you go. Thank you.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: Any member of the public
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    wish to speak to this matter? Please come forward and
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    give your name.
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                 (At this time Mr. Bellman, Ms. Christner,
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    Mr. Starr, Mr. Grow, and Ms. Pietrucha were sworn in
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    by the court reporter.)
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: Mr. Shipley, I will give
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you one thing. You have drawn a bigger crowd than we are accustomed to.

MR. BELLMAN: My name is Rob Bellman. I live at 8528 Colonial Lane.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: I would like the two -- anybody who has been sworn in that is going to speak in favor, I would like them to speak first and then obviously those who are opposed.

MR. BELLMAN: I'm Rob Bellman. I live across the street from Kevin, and across the street from Donna.

I'm in favor of this because it's the utility of the neighborhood for the families that are there. If these variances aren't granted the homes don't offer them the utilities, as a result they rent the properties out, and the neighborhood becomes a rental property or a tear-down, which diminishes my property value. So for my own economic self-interest, I'm in favor of families being able to utilize their property with the necessary variance.

I understand this is a very difficult job to do. I think overall in the past I have seen a lot of variances. Whether they were approved or not I cannot say. I would hate to see families that I value move out of the neighborhood due to zoning issues.

Thank you very much for your time.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: We appreciate that. We appreciate you coming.

Yes, ma'am. Did you want to speak in favor of this?

MS. CHRISTNER: Yes. I'm Jo Christner. I live at 8534, which is across from Donna and across from Kevin.

years ago, and I'm here to tell you that it's a fabulous neighborhood. I appreciate that. Thank you very much because you are over the barrel because you are volunteers having to say wait, wait, wait a minute. I appreciate that. I do. That's a hard place to be. But I would urge you to recognize that this is a unique neighborhood. Unique not only to Ladue, Clayton, wherever. It's literally an enclosed circle with a little horseshoe inside. And I'm guessing there may be 60 children that live there. There are Halloween parties, we have parades. We have for years.

Kevin's house is typical of what was built when the subdivision was new. So it's three bedrooms, a hall bath, and all the garages that face the street, you had to come up and you have a little turn-around

to pull in, and so people converted those to studies 1 or whatever. My next-door neighbor who died in April, 2 Olive O'Brien Haven, put an addition on the back of 3 her house and adhered to like a 30-foot requirement 4 from the back of the lot. And I'm looking at that, I 5 didn't measure it, but she is maybe 20 feet from the 6 back of her lot. I don't remember when she built 7 that. Maybe over 20 years ago. It made so much 8 difference to her family life just because they had this big room on the back. Because otherwise by 10 today's standards, you know, they are hardly liveable. 11 They really are. I hear what you are saying and I 12 appreciate it. We live in Ladue and in Clayton behind 13 us, they just built two new townhouses, and the board 14 granted this, that, and the other thing, and the 15 builder raised the elevation. We have a big water 16 problem now, just us and Olive. 17 So I hope you will be charitable with this. 1.8 19 Thank you very much. CHAIRMAN WALCH: Thank you. I think 20

CHAIRMAN WALCH: Thank you. I think everybody else is opposed. So it's up to you how you want to proceed.

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MR. STARR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm Helmut Starr. I will start.

Good afternoon. I know it has been a long

afternoon, I will try to keep this short. But what I am looking at here, your ordinance, your zoning ordinance, and so unfortunately I have to do this with both hands. But I wanted to raise some procedural issues with you first. And I think that your job probably is a lot easier here legally than the public understands. And I don't mean to lecture on the law to you, but I thought it might be helpful for some of the folks in the audience to hear how you are constrained in what you do.

As a Board of Adjustment you are not here as a legislative body. You don't get to change the law of the city. That's done by the City Council.

And once those ordinances were passed, the law in Missouri says in case after case after case that variances are to be given sparingly. And they are only supposed to be given in the situation where you have a hardship or a severe practical difficulty that relates specifically to the land, not because it's a personal preference of the homeowner.

If somebody wants to have eight children in the house, that doesn't mean that they should be allowed to build a house of square feet on a lot that doesn't support that. That is a personal preference. It has nothing to do with the shape or the topography

of the land.

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You haven't heard a single word by any applicant here tonight that has given you any basis for a hardship or practical difficulty that related to the land. It's all personal preference. I just wanted to say that at the outset.

Second of all, it's not clear to me that in this particular case that they even have a right to a variance because you have a nonconforming lot. is a 6500 square foot lot in a 10,000 square foot district. It's a legal nonconforming lot, I take it. And in your Section 4 D 7 at page 12 of your Zoning Code 1175, it states that with regard to a nonconforming residential building in use as a single-family residence within a residential zoning district located on a legal nonconforming lot, it may continue to be used as a single-family residence and may be enlarged provided that the enlargement conforms to all setback height and other regulations of this ordinance. It doesn't allow for variations of a nonconforming building on a nonconforming lot. And then that is reiterated on page 28 of your code in Section 5 D 2. Sorry. But I want to get to the page. In 5 D 2 it has exceptions to lot areas. And, again, it has existing buildings that are in violation of lot

area requirements that may be remodeled or repaired and may be enlarged or structurally altered, but only if such enlargement or alteration is not in violation of the yard requirement.

So you have a second provision in the code that really doesn't allow a variance in this circumstance, because the building is already in violation of the lot.

And then I think there is a due process issue here too. I don't believe that the public notice that was given complied to either Missouri law or with Ladue ordinances in that no one has ever specified in anything that was published or in the application, which is required under your regulations, what the specific variance is that's being requested. You simply cannot read anything that's published and figure out what the variances are that you are supposed to be opposing. And to complicate matters, I came here tonight and found out there is another issue about lot coverage that may also be a problem that we would not have had any notice of whatsoever to even consider. And so from that perspective I don't believe that the procedure was followed.

Your code says that the applicant must give a specific statement of the variance that's requested.

There is nothing in the letter that serves as the application in this case that mentions any kind of a variance. That I think is a defect, and I believe a court would throw out any decision you make in this regard anyway.

I don't believe substantively there is any

I don't believe substantively there is any basis for hardship. But I want to turn that over to my client and let her talk about impact that granting a variance would have on her property, and then Mr. Grow would like to talk to you a little bit about how it would be in conflict with the comprehensive plan of the city.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: Any questions before he sits down?

MS. CHRISTNER: I could not hear what he was saying. Can you repeat what he said?

CHAIRMAN WALCH: He gave a lot of legal arguments. I'm a lawyer myself. I think I understood them. I don't necessarily agree with all of them.

That was mainly what he talked about was the ordinance.

MS. CHRISTNER: And again to my point, these homes were built way before the ordinance.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: We are keenly aware of that. We are keenly aware of that fact.

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MS. CHRISTNER: Yes. Thank you.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: You wrote the letter;
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    correct?
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                MS. PIETRUCHA: Yes. And there are --
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    actually, there is a second letter. I don't know if
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    you had time to see that or not.
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                MS. TOFT: From you or who?
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                MS. PIETRUCHA: From me.
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                MS. FORSHAW: We have a letter dated August
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    3rd only.
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                MR. SCHLAFLY: It's not the same letter,
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    but it's the same thing.
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: This will be made as part
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    of Exhibit E. There are two letters that have now
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    been delivered to the City of Ladue.
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                MS. PIETRUCHA: Actually -- I sent you one
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    in an email. You may have thought it was the same
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1.8
    one.
                CHAIRMAN WALCH: You may proceed.
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                MS. PIETRUCHA: Thank you very much.
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    please bear with me. I'm a little emotional. I know
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    the letter is a little bit long.
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                MS. TOFT: You need not read the whole
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    letter. It will be marked as an exhibit.
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                MS. PIETRUCHA: Sure. Should I scan over
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it?

CHAIRMAN WALCH: You are welcome to say whatever testimony. The letter is already part of the record in this case, and so it's there, unless you need to explain something.

MR. STARR: Emphasize the main points that you would like to make.

MS. PIETRUCHA: Some of the main points is the enormity of this addition and how much space it's going to take up. I'm directly adjacent, and down in a lower elevation of this home, and the neighbors on the other side of me are also currently putting on an addition, and so I'm feeling really boxed in. It's really starting to block a lot of light and a lot of air flow is coming through. I worry about all the noise, all the debris, the construction vehicles, how they are going to get back, how they are going to handle all of this. These are all the main points from the first paragraph.

The second one is, I, too, am a homeowner and I chose this neighborhood, just as anybody else did. And it's just, you know, astounding to me because I chose it for the reason that it was park-like, and that we have pride in our ownership, no matter who we are. Whether we have, you know,

children who are the same age that play together, or friendships that go back for a really long period of time.

I do own my home. I do pay my taxes. I do keep it up, and I have added lots and lots of improvements, and I have maintained the value of my home. I do feel that I shouldn't be encroached upon because other people have decided after purchasing their home and many years later it's not big enough. So I think people knew when they bought their home what they were getting into.

I don't think it's in keeping with the subdivision policy. Things that you were mentioning before, times have changed and precedence is being set, and I definitely appreciate your comments about having to take a look at this in terms of, you know, not being McMansions, and it seems more and more that is what is happening. And there might be people who are in favor because maybe they want to open the door so they can do it afterwards. But it doesn't really take into account the many people who don't want it.

And last year, I don't remember when, I was not a part of it, but there were some things that came up in front of the board, and it became very, very ugly. As a result, I have a lot of people who have

of coming forward because after last year they were harassed, they were bullied. There were comments that were being made to people, especially age 50 and older, maybe there was an issue. There are a lot of things that have happened.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: I don't think that's relevant to the issues before us.

MS. PIETRUCHA: Okay. I did deviate, and I apologize.

There are a lot of reasons here that I didn't necessarily go through, and I really worry about the impact of my home and what it would do to the value of my home. You know, if I --

CHAIRMAN WALCH: I think we understand that.

MS. PIETRUCHA: Okay. There are a couple of things I will mention, one is that there isn't one item in the letter that demonstrates any hardship, just a desire. And I do want to quote something from Ladue City newsletter, from the mayor in previous publications. The first one is: We pride ourselves on strong selling regulations park-like neighborhoods and appealing residential properties and Ladue holds its residents to high standards to improving our

homes. This is an important response and thanks to the review board for the time and dedication that they do give generously to their time and expertise.

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I couldn't agree more. So my heartfelt thanks to you, and please take into consideration what I have said here.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: Thank you. Now do we have one more?

MR. STARR: Yes. Mr. Grow would like to saw a few words.

MR. GROW: Thank you for giving me the opportunity. My name is Roger Grow. I am a retired city planner and the planning director from Webster Groves for 20 years.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: They have had their problems too.

MR. GROW: Before that I was the director of planning for St. Louis County. I appreciate the difficulties you have. I know land-use regulations are there to protect the neighborhood and property owners. Unfortunately individual property owners and most citizens don't understand how those regulations apply to their property.

I think a lot of our problems at Webster and yours would be dealt with a little more easily if

people understood what the setbacks mean before they hire an architect to start working on their plans to expand because this day and age lots of people want to stay where they are and they need to expand their homes.

What I have been asked to do is take a look at the factors that you would normally consider in justifying a variance. And I also took a look at the master plan because it bears on the specific issues that you are dealing with today.

Helmut Starr talked about what the legal constraints are. I won't go into that, but I do want to talk about the provisions. And a lot of these people are asking what constitutes a hardship. So your ordinance says, where there are practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships due to an irregular shape of the lot, topographic or other conditions. There is something unique about that lot that makes it differ and difficult to build with the person that wants to build.

If you look at this particular property and this block of Colonial Lane, there are about twelve properties, ten of which are exactly 50 by 130. Every lot is identical. They are rectangular. There is nothing about the shape of the property that would

prevent them from building an addition as long as they live within the constraints of the site setbacks set by the ordinance.

If you look at the topography I have been given, I don't know if you made copies, but this is a topo map from St. Louis County. I hand you that and you can pass it around. It shows topography at 4-foot intervals throughout the neighborhood. It shows that it's a fairly gradual slope throughout this block of Colonial Lane, and the subject property is probably one of the least affected by that slope situation. So I would argue from my position that topography and shape of lots are not -- not factors that contribute to hardship.

As you have heard from others tonight, the original basic footprint of the buildings here, they are all identical. The 27 feet deep by 36 feet wide, 50 foot lots. They predate the original, the ordinance, obviously, because there are 10-feet side yard setbacks. A 50-foot lot, you can't have 10-foot setbacks. These particular houses set back, as you have heard, it's about 6 feet on one side -- or 8 feet on one side and about 7 or 6-foot on the other side. That's where the need for the variance comes in if they want to follow the existing building lines.

One of the things I took a look at were the other houses that are on this particular block. again I was relying on St. Louis County real estate records from the County Assessor's office, because many of them have built additions. So I have taken some of those footprints, and you can see the basic building footprint of the original house of all of those 27-by-36 and where additions were added. Sometimes patios show up. Sometimes there is a one-story addition. Sometimes it's a two-story addition. I would point out on these though, from the County Assessor's office records, all the additions on the back are set back. Whether they are complying, whether they did not need a variance because they were set back for 10 feet, or whether they were built before you had the ordinance in place that set the setback at 10 feet; I don't know. But those suggest, the photograph you mentioned earlier, at least on this block when additions have been built, they built them back to comply with the setback limit. I think that suggests that it was possible to build additions to meet the needs of a growing household without having to violate the side yard setbacks.

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One other point that I would make with regard to the zoning code is that when you are

considering a variation to be granted, it's not merely -- I'm quoting from your ordinance -- will not merely serve as a convenience to the applicant, but will alleviate some demonstrable and unusual hardship which is so difficult and so great as to warrant such variation and at the same time properly protect the surrounding properties. In this case, Ms. Pietrucha's property, you saw the slope of the site. Her property is about 3 to 4 feet lower than the subject property that's going uphill there. So when they build a two-story addition that is 6 feet from the property line, the mass of that is even that much more accentuated because her property is even lower. And I think that will result in loss of natural light from the north simply because it's that much closer and higher than would be allowed under the code.

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Then I would like to turn just real quickly to the city's comprehensive plan which was available online and updated in 2006. And your consultant went through public process and identified the issues of the need to retain and limit Ladue's existing housing character and densities and the challenge of dealing with infill and maximum footprint, which they refer to as "McMansions", which are frequently out of scale to the surrounding structures. There are goals and

objectives and strategies, I think this is relevant to the board in reference to the trends toward McMansions on smaller lots. The elevations and footprints of these infills often dwarf not only their own lots but adjoining properties as well. In no residential area exists more potentially harmful than in the very small lot District E which is a 10,000 square foot minimum. Here the city should discourage the use of variances for front, side, and rear yard decline as well as elevations that are out of scale to surrounding buildings.

So I think that part of your comprehensive plan speaks specifically to this issue in this neighborhood. And I think it would, as you have in the E-1 District where you have a ratio that's been imposed to try to get a handle on that, unfortunately it will apply to this district, and I think if the city could move on that it would help solve some of the problems that you have been hearing about tonight.

I have two more exhibits which I will show you. I did take the liberty to look at the square footage from the County Assessor's office of liveable space in the thirteen houses that are on this lot of Colonial Lane. There are two numbers. The red one is the square footage of liveable space that the county

considers for assessment purposes. And I think universally it ignores the basement level. It's really the first and second floors.

In this block they range from -- let's see. They range from 1850 square feet, to 2387 square feet. And that includes those that have additions that have been built. That includes the additions.

This particular property I believe comes in at 1944 square feet. That's what they are paying their taxes on.

The red number that's on there is what we refer to as floor area ratio, which is the liveable floor square footage as a percentage of the square footage of the lot. And the range of those currently is 23 percent to 37 percent.

and this addition is built, the square footage of this addition is 1941 square feet, and I will show you how I got that in a moment. And that will result in a 60 percent floor area ratio, which is, as you were saying at the beginning of the hearing, it's outside the realm of anything in that lot.

The last thing I did was, you know, as a city planner and having access to architectural skills a little bit, I have a three dimensional drawing of

the building as it currently is on the property, and then I took the drawings that were on file from the building department, and this is the massing that you would get from this building as it was built according to the plans that are before you. I submit these to you as well.

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So I would like to conclude. In my professional opinion the application does not meet the criteria necessary to justify approval of any variances and the application should be denied. There is nothing unique about the property which requires relief from the strict application of setback provisions either on its own merit or when considered with other properties in the neighborhood. Approval of a variance would permanently adverse the impact of the property immediately to the south in a way that could not be mitigated.

Furthermore, the comprehensive plan clearly states that the preservation of the character and scale of residential areas, particularly those neighborhoods where small lots exist, is an objective of the community and that minimum setback should not be waived in order to allow new construction that would out-scale the surrounding neighborhood.

That concludes my comments. Did you have a

1 copy? MR. STARR: I don't, but I would like to 2 ask the chairperson to mark those as Grow Exhibits 1 3 through 5, I believe there were five that were 4 presented. 5 CHAIRMAN WALCH: Yes. That will require --6 7 this will be Exhibit G, and it will be 1 through 5. MR. GROW: Again, the source of most of 8 that stuff is St. Louis County Department of Revenue. 9 MS. TOFT: With your wealth of experience, 10 I would like to ask you some questions. 11 MR. SCHLAFLY: I apologize, but it is 6:00 12 o'clock. 13 MS. TOFT: I will be quick. 14 Are there comparable size lots in the 15 neighboring community of Clayton? 16 MR. GROW: I have not been asked to study 17 I will be glad to look at that. 18 that yet. MS. TOFT: Are you familiar with other --19 from your experience in St. Louis County and Webster 20 Groves -- other municipalities with similarly sized 21 lots? 2.2 MR. GROW: Yes. The Webster Groves, the 23 northern 20 percent of the city was platted in 50-foot 24 lots. It was called Tuxedo Park. So we had legal 25

nonconforming lots like this all the time. 1 do -- because we were having problems with some large 2 infill houses of the "McMansion" size, we adopted 3 regulations, the floor area ratios, as well as some additional regulations that govern the height of 5 accessory structures, such as detached garages. 6 MS. TOFT: What is the floor area ratio? 7 MR. GROW: I would say it is probably --8 are you familiar with the area? 9 MS. TOFT: I am. My husband grew up on 10 11 Tuxedo. MR. GROW: I would say probably in the 30 12 to 35 range, and I can't imagine us having much more 13 than 45 percent. 14 MR. SCHLAFLY: I have several questions. 15 You are looking at that from a professional 16 view, and you are coming to the variance board, you 17 have a geometry that is the same in most of the lots, 18 and the topography being flat, that the ability to 19 make an application for hardship is pretty close to 20 zero now; is that correct? 21 MR. GROWE: Yes. 22 MR. SCHLAFLY: What about the relevancy of 23 the building and housing stock itself after 50 years? 24

Is that a nonapplicable issue when it's presented

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before the variance board? Because without making a house that was built 50 years ago relevant, then it is functioning obsolete.

MR. GROW: I'm not discounting the need and the practicality of the building restrictions.

MR. SCHLAFLY: You mentioned two not giving a variable; geometry, topography.

MR. GROW: There may be some instances. For example, I heard an issue about the garages being undersized. In Webster, the southern third of the city, there are a lot of smaller garages, and those have been converted to living space. And they were done without -- and now you cannot do that, have the parking space beyond the building line. But a lot of that conversion has gone on.

MR. STARR: May I add something to the answer that was asked by the question by Mr. Schlafly?

MR. STARR: What I would suggest is that the law simply doesn't allow variances to be the vehicle to deal with outdated houses. Setbacks and those — and height limitations and area locations are set by the legislative body. If those have become too strict to allow a neighborhood to regenerate or to rejuvenate, then that ought be a legislative decision

that's driven by the city council and not through a variance. 2 CHAIRMAN WALCH: I think the discussion in 3 the prior case, that was one of the major things we --4 MR. BELLMAN: I'm an attorney also. 5 Wouldn't it be implied that you have been delegated 6 authority to issue variances? Are you saying 7 constitutionally they don't have the right under Missouri law? 9 MR. STARR: Yes. Case law actually does 10 limit the jurisdiction of the board to variances that 11 12 relate to land. MR. BELLMAN: So you are challenging all 13 prior variances that have been granted? You are 1.4 saying those are invalid? 15 MR. STARR: Some of them could have been, 16 but, you know, you have a period of time to challenge 17 those. 18 MR. KLITZING: Mr. Chairman, I would like 19 to see if I can bring this to a close. We would like 20 to ask for a continuance. 21 What we have learned today is basically 22 that we can built directly off our building straight 23 If we kept a 30-foot backyard that would be 24 back. 25 fine. We can modify our drawings.

MS. TOFT: You have an existing
nonconforming side yard encroachment, and so I don't
believe --

MR. KLITZING: What do we do, cut the house down?

MS. TOFT: Any addition or improvement that would continue to encroach -- well, I will leave that to Mr. Gartenberg and the building department.

MR. KLITZING: But the general tenor of the board earlier was if we came straight off the house, straight line-in-line with my existing house, that wouldn't have been an issue.

MR. GARTENBERG: In response to that. I think what the board has said -- what the board has said is that prior variances that have been granted have been of a much lesser scale than what they are hearing on this particular property.

But what has also been discussed is the fact that if an addition is put on and done in such a way that it does not encroach in a required yard, either required side yard or required rear yard, it would be reviewed administratively, and it would not require a zoning hearing.

These are the instances we are talking about today, and as a result it would not come before

this board. It would be reviewed for the qualities, architectural characteristics, impact on storm water, drainage, et cetera, but not be the zoning issue.

MR. KLITZING: The only question I have would be on the north side where the neighbors have no problem, on the 5-foot-10 side. We could build the addition there if we need that space.

We would have to come back before the board. But in regard to this side, we could actually make our 10-foot setback that's required, go back to the 30-foot setback to build that addition. I don't believe my addition or the addition that we are planning is no taller than the existing building. I don't believe there is a height issue.

MR. GARTENBERG: I don't think that the board has said its decision on whether an encroachment into a side yard, the action on that is dependent on whether the neighbor on that particular side favors it or not. It is looking at the mass that's being created by the proposed house and the encroachment into the side yards and rear yards, period.

MR. KLITZING: Understood. To actually skip the board we have to be -- you have got 4 foot on the north side and 2 foot on the south side.

MR. GARTENBERG: It would have to be in the

building envelope.

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MR. KLITZING: That would be within the building envelope. But this board, obviously at some time or another, approved numerous additions that were in line with the existing house.

MR. GARTENBERG: They have spoken to that.

Of scales that are different than what is being proposed here, much lesser scales.

MR. KLITZING: Well, if we are within the setback in the rear yard we would be within the scale.

MR. GARTENBERG: You are talking about a couple of different things. The variances that have been granted by the City of Ladue Board of Zoning Adjustment in this neighborhood for additions, if they do encroach into a required side yard, those additions were of a much lesser scale than what is being proposed here.

MS. TOFT: And I might add, the applicants made strong hardship cases also, where they had no garage, where they had -- they were hardship cases with each of those, or we would not have considered a variance were it not a hardship.

And you heard what Mr. Starr said about what constitutes the hardship. We have, because of older housing stock, been more generous in granting

variances in the past seven or eight years than have been here before the case.

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I can tell you that when I started on this board there would have been no variance granted if the addition encroached on the side yard, regardless of whether the house was existing nonconforming or not. And it has been efforts that we have made, because we are very concerned about aging housing stock and the value of the homes, and we don't want them to be torn down and to have somebody building within the building line low but building on every square inch of it an ugly structure that nobody wants to live next door to. We try. It is not easy, but honestly these two, the additions are so far so much larger than anything we have seen before.

They are lovely applicants. They have lovely families. We would love them to stay in Ladue, but we have to draw the line somewhere.

MR. KLITZING: Basically your idea of scale; if we cut the building in 4 feet or 2 feet it's outside. We would be not here because we would conform. And that doesn't change the scale of this project that great to where when you are saying the scale, the project at that point would probably equal the footprint of the existing house.

MS. TOFT: There is also the Architectural 1 Review Board. An existing nonconforming house where 2 you want to make an addition, you probably would be in 3 front of us, and we do try to consider mass and scale. 4 MR. KLITZING: They approved. 5 approved this already. The Architectural Review Board 6 went through this already. MS. TOFT: We didn't get into the mass and 8 scale discussion that we normally get to because the 9 size of the addition and the amount of the 10 encroachment is so great. You would normally - the 11 mass and scale would be a natural part of our 12 discussion. We just didn't get there. 13 MR. GARTENBERG: The Architectural Review 14 Board is looking at that as a house -- as a whole, 15 without consideration of the --16 MR. KLITZING: But I'm confused. 17 Architectural Review Board already approved it. 18 MR. SCHLAFLY: We are just talking about 19 encroachment. We are talking only encroachment. 20 MR. GARTENBERG: This group is looking at 21 encroachment. 2.2 MR. KLITZING: I understand. But why would 23 you bring up the Architectural Review Board to review 24

it if they have already approved it? They already

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approved it.

MR. STARR: If you have new plan, sir.

MS. TOFT: If you had a different plan and the board was inclined to grant the variance, or was discussing it, one of the things that we would discuss would be the mass, and the effect that it would have because you have an existing nonconforming house.

MR. SCHLAFLY: I think probably what he is saying, if he builds it inside the conforming building envelope he doesn't have to be here.

CHAIRMAN WALCH: You wouldn't have to come before this board.

MR. GARTENBERG: That's correct. The Architectural Review Board has reviewed this, this design that encroaches into the required yard, and they believe that it was appropriate for the neighborhood. So he is saying, I don't want to put words in your mouth, my take on this; that if it's scaled back so it does not go into the required yards he expected to find that acceptable as well.

MR. KLITZING: Correct.

MR. GARTENBERG: And that's how we will proceed.

MR. KLITZING: The only possibility that was granted back here that we have heard the setback

we gave, the 10 feet on each south side would be the 1 2 extension on the north side. At that point I don't think we have any objections from anybody, because 3 that neighbor has already said, you have the letter to that effect, that it's okay with them. 5 CHAIRMAN WALCH: That's not the way it 6 works. 7 We are getting late, and you have asked for a continuance. Does the owner want to say something? 9 MR. SHIPLEY: Just one last thing. 10 house that sits to the north of us was granted a 11 variance at some point. So we would like to consider 12 that back yard this afternoon. You saw the house. 13 They did go straight back. There is nothing different 14 15 than what we are asking. That's all. Thanks. Thank you for your time. 16 MS. PIETRUCHA: One more statement. 17 CHAIRMAN WALCH: I have closed the public 18 comment portion of this meeting. Is it relevant to 19 the issues? 20 MS. PIETRUCHA: I do think so. 21 CHAIRMAN WALCH: The case has been 22 continued. Do you understand what that means? Ιt 23

All right. Thank you everybody for

means that they may never come back here.

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attending and for your comments. 1 MR. STARR: Is that continued to a date 2 certain? 3 CHAIRMAN WALCH: It's under your control. 4 We require you to get your plans, and revised plans 5 into the building department -- how long in advance of 6 the meeting? Is it two weeks, Mike? Mike, is it two 7 weeks? 8 MR. GARTENBERG: I'm sorry? 9 CHAIRMAN WALCH: How far in advance do you 10 need revised plans if it's going to require another 11 variance? 12 MR. GARTENBERG: It's a simple question, 13 1.4 but it's not a simple answer. Those plans would need to go through the review process internally. The 15 Architectural Review Board and I would review them. 16 Then once review comments are sent back, and there is 17 18 still nonconformity, they would need to be received here approximately three weeks prior to the hearing 19 date. 20 MS. LAMITOLA: 121 days before the meeting. 21 CHAIRMAN WALCH: Very unlikely to get on 22 23 the September docket. You are not the appellant. MR. GARTENBERG: They still have to be 24 received and reviewed. 25

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MS. TOFT: The appellant would be sent
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    another notice of the next hearing.
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                MS. LAMITOLA: Not specifically on this
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    case anymore. Will we be holding the next ZBA after
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    Labor Day or the second Monday?
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                MS. TOFT: Should we close the hearing?
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                CHAIRMAN WALCH: Yes. Let's close the
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    hearing.
                (Hearing concluded at 6:20 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 1 2 3 I, Bobbie L. Luber, Registered Professional 4 Reporter, Certified Court Reporter, and Notary Public 5 within and for the State of Missouri, do hereby 6 certify that the meeting aforementioned was held on 7 the time and in the place previously described. 9 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand 10 11 and seal. 12 13 14 15 Bobbie L. Luber, RPR, CCR #621 16 BOBBIE L. LUBER 17 Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri 18 St. Louis County My Commission Expires: July 19, 2016 Commission #12478045 19 2.0 21 22 23 24

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